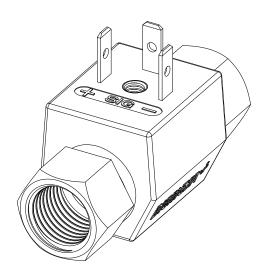
DATA SHEET





Nano Brass G1/8" internal thread
Part number: 9NB-01xx/01x

General Description

The Flow Sensor nano brass is a general-purpose device. It is employed for measuring, regulating or metering and guarantees most precise measurement of fluid quantities. In addition, a pulse generator integrated into the flowmeter guarantees a practically unlimited useful life.

Specific applications: Straight flow path, compact design.

Approvals / Standards

EN55014-1:00+A1:01+A2:02, EN61000-6-3:01+A11:04, IEC61000-6-3:06(ed.2.0), EN61000-3-2:06, IEC61000-3-2:05(ed.3.0), EN61000-3-3:95+A1:01+A2:05, IEC61000-3-3:94+A1:01+A2:05(cons.ed 1.2), EN55014-2:97+A1:01, EN61000-6-1:01, IEC61000-6-1:05(ed.2), LFGB (EU 1935/2004, EU10/2011)

Materials (wetted)

Housing: EcoBrass CW724R

Bearing : PEEK
Nozzle: PEEK
Turbine: PVDF

Magnete: Ceramic Sr Fe O

(in contact with medium)

Technical data:

Linear range: from 0.035 - 0.70 l/min de-

pending on the nozzle size

Durability: min. 100'000 liters at max. flow (page 5-7)

Measuring accuracy: +/-2.0%*

Temperature range: $+0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+100^{\circ}\text{C}$ 32°F to 212°F

Pressure range: 20 bar at 20°C

290 psi /68°F

Mounting position: freely selectable

Nozzle size: Ø 1.0mm, 1.2mm, 1.4mm

Electrical connection ratings:

Power supply: +2.8 to +24 VDC

Consumption: <8 mA

Signal connection: Open collector, NPN

Signal voltage: 0 VDC GND

(saturation < 0.7 V)

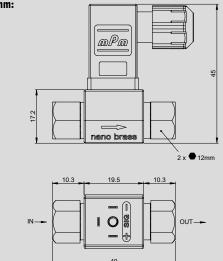
Signal load: max. 20 mA Leakage current: max. $10 \mu A$

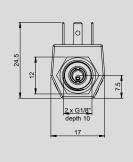
Connections: 3-pin 2.8 x 0.5 mm

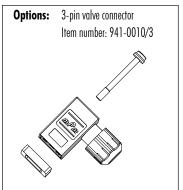
Signal: Square-wave output

Duty Cycle: ~50%

Dimensions in mm:







We reserve the right to make modifications in the interests of technical progress

RESISTANCE

Special regulations which must be complied with by the flow sensor manufacturer apply to each country, e.g. CE, NSF, FDA and SK. The various media flowing through the flow sensor differ from application to application. You are advised to enquire with the medium manufacturer as to whether the entire installation and the flow sensor are resistant to the medium itself (see Material)!

ELECTRONIC

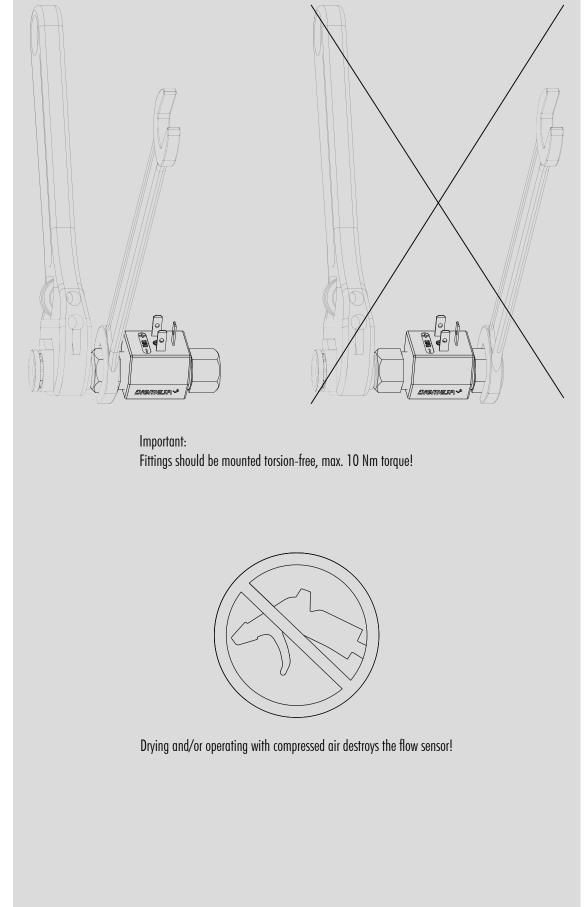
DIGMESA electronic circuitry is always designed for operation with DIGMESA flow sensors. Please note the following if connecting to other electronic circuitry:

- The flow sensor does not supply an output voltage but switches the signal terminal to 0 V ground (actuated) or leaves it open (nonactuated)
- ullet There must be a pull-up resistor between power supply + and signal depending on electronic circuitry!

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^{*} Accuracy in the linear range for individually calibrated equipment

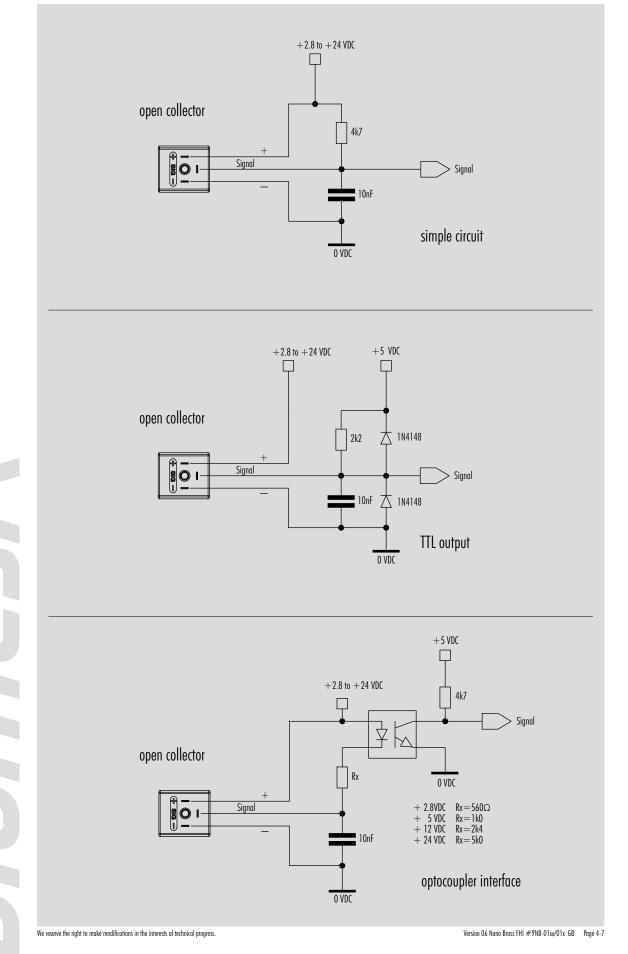
Installation instruction



We reserve the right to make modifications in the interests of technical progress.

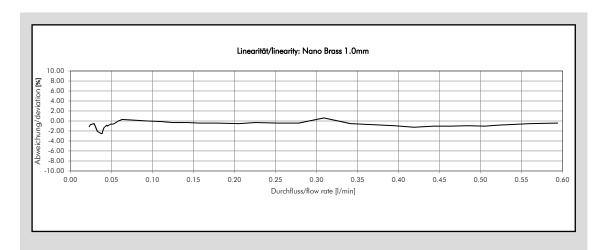
Version O6 Nano Brass FHI #9NB-01xx/01x GB Page 3

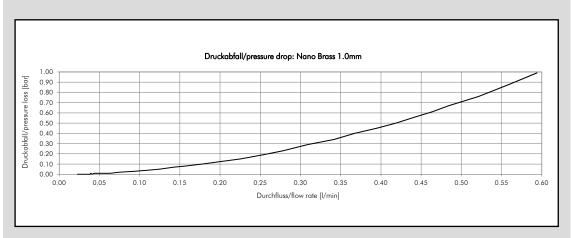
Interface Connection: Examples Open collector



Digmesa AG, Keltenstrasse 31, CH—2563 Ipsach / Switzerland, Phone +41 (32) 332 77 77, Fax +41 (32) 332 77 88, www.digmesa.com

Measurement Curve nano brass Ø1.0mm





Medium: Water / Pressure: 3.5 bar

#9NB-0100/01 with pulse divider

Nozzle size	Pulses/ Litre	ml/pulse	min. flow rate [l/min]	max. flow rate [l/min]	Pulse frequency [Hz] min/max
Ø 1.0 mm	2'494	0.40	0.035	0.40	~1.4/17

#9NB-0100/01A without pulse divider

Nozzle size	Pulses/ Litre	ml/pulse	min. flow rate [l/min]	max. flow rate [l/min]	Pulse frequency [Hz] min/max
Ø 1.0 mm	39'900	0.025	0.035	0.40	~23/270

The values specified must be considered as approximate values.

The number of pulses per litre may differ depending on medium and installation. We recommend to calibrate the number of pulses per litre in line with the complete installation.

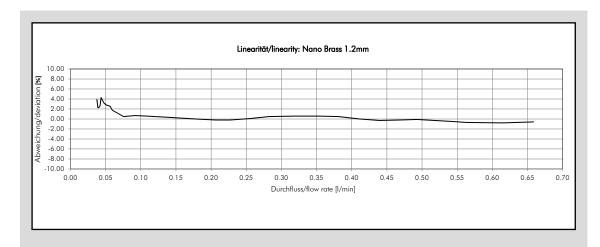
MEASUREMENT TIPS

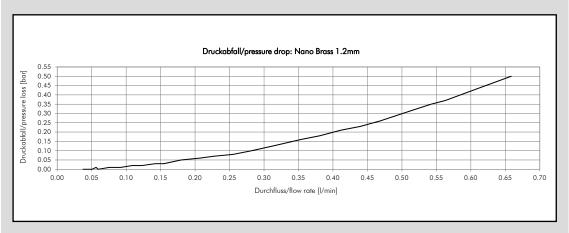
- Ensure that there is no fast-pulsatory movement of the media
- Ensure that there are no reverse pressure surges
- Ensure that there is no air in the system
- Keep the pressure loss as small as possible
- Pay attention to the mounting position of the flow sensor
- Min/max flow should be in the linear range of the selected flow sensor
- Clean the system at appropriate intervals
- Avoid electrical voltage spikes
- Incorrect wiring of power supply +, signal and ground will destroy the flow sensor
- Do not load electrical contacts mechanically
- Avoid moisture on the electrical contacts
- Avoid stray pick-up via the cable (Do not lay cables in parallel with high current loads)

We reserve the right to make modifications in the interests of technical progress.

Version O6 Nano Brass FHI #9NB-01xx/01x GB Page 5-7

Measurement Curve nano brass Ø1.2mm





Medium: Water / Pressure: 3.5 bar

#9NB-0120/01 with pulse divider

Nozzle size	Pulses/ Litre	ml/pulse	min. flow rate [l/min]	max. flow rate [l/min]	Pulse frequency [Hz] min/max
Ø 1.2 mm	1′944	0.51	0.05	0.50	~1.6/17

#9NB-0120/01A without pulse divider

Nozzle size	Pulses/ Litre	ml/pulse	min. flow rate [l/min]	max. flow rate [l/min]	Pulse frequency [Hz] min/max
Ø 1.2 mm	31′100	0.032	0.05	0.50	~26/270

The values specified must be considered as approximate values.

The number of pulses per litre may differ depending on medium and installation. We recommend to calibrate the number of pulses per litre in line with the complete installation.

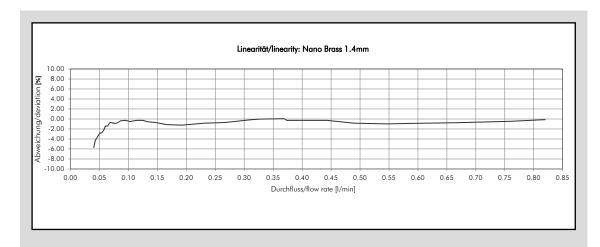
MEASUREMENT TIPS

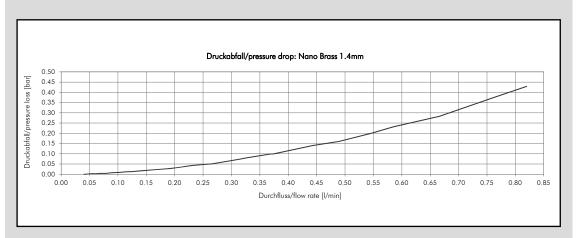
- Ensure that there is no fast-pulsatory movement of the media
- Ensure that there are no reverse pressure surges
- Ensure that there is no air in the system
- Keep the pressure loss as small as possible
- Pay attention to the mounting position of the flow sensor
- Min/max flow should be in the linear range of the selected flow sensor
- Clean the system at appropriate intervals
- Avoid electrical voltage spikes
- Incorrect wiring of power supply +, signal and ground will destroy the flow sensor
- Do not load electrical contacts mechanically
- Avoid moisture on the electrical contacts
- Avoid stray pick-up via the cable (Do not lay cables in parallel with high current loads)

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Measurement Curve nano brass Ø1.4mm





Medium: Water / Pressure: 3.5 bar

#9NB-0140/01 with pulse divider

Nozzle size	Pulses/ Litre	ml/pulse	min. flow rate [l/min]	max. flow rate [l/min]	Pulse frequency [Hz] min/max
Ø 1.4 mm	1′440	0.69	0.06	0.70	~1.6/17

#9NB-0140/01A without pulse divider

Nozzle size	Pulses/ Litre	ml/pulse	min. flow rate [l/min]	max. flow rate [l/min]	Pulse frequency [Hz] min/max
Ø 1.4 mm	23'040	0.043	0.06	0.70	~26/270

The values specified must be considered as approximate values.

The number of pulses per litre may differ depending on medium and installation. We recommend to calibrate the number of pulses per litre in line with the complete installation.

MEASUREMENT TIPS

- Ensure that there is no fast-pulsatory movement of the media
- Ensure that there are no reverse pressure surges
- Ensure that there is no air in the system
- Keep the pressure loss as small as possible
- Pay attention to the mounting position of the flow sensor
- Min/max flow should be in the linear range of the selected flow sensor
- Clean the system at appropriate intervals
- Avoid electrical voltage spikes
- Incorrect wiring of power supply +, signal and ground will destroy the flow sensor
- Do not load electrical contacts mechanically
- Avoid moisture on the electrical contacts
- Avoid stray pick-up via the cable (Do not lay cables in parallel with high current loads)

We reserve the right to make modifications in the interests of technical progress.

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